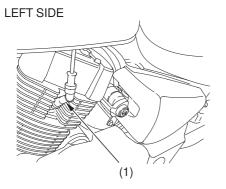
Spark Plugs

3. Using a spark plug wrench, remove the spark plugs.



(1) spark plug cap

- 4. Inspect the electrodes and center porcelain for deposits, corrosion, or carbon fouling. If the corrosion or deposits are heavy, replace the plug. Clean a carbon or wet-fouled plug with a plug cleaner, if available, or a wire brush.
- 5. Check the spark plug gap (2) of each new plug, using a wire-type feeler gauge. If adjustment is necessary, bend the side electrode (3) carefully. The gap should be:
 0.031-0.035 in (0.80-0.90 mm)