

- Avoid continuous braking.
  - ▶ Repeated braking, such as when descending long, steep slopes can seriously overheat the brakes, reducing their effectiveness.
- For full braking effectiveness, operate both the front and rear brakes together.

### ■ **Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) on Front Wheel**

#### PCX150A

This model equipped with an Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) designed to help prevent the front brake from locking up during hard braking.

- There is no ABS function to the rear wheel.
- ABS does not reduce braking distance. In certain circumstances, ABS may result in a longer stopping distance.
- ABS does not function at speeds below 6 mph (10 km/h).
- The front brake lever may recoil slightly when applying the brakes. This is normal.

- Always use the recommended front/rear tires to ensure correct ABS operation.

### ■ **Combined Braking System (CBS)**

#### PCX150

Your scooter's rear brake system is linked to the front brake. This means that operating the rear brake lever applies the rear brake and a portion of the front brake.

Operating the front brake lever applies only the front brake.

For full braking effectiveness, operate both the front and rear brakes together.

### ■ **Wet or Rainy Conditions**

Road surfaces are slippery when wet, and wet brakes further reduce braking efficiency.

Exercise extra caution when braking in wet conditions.

If the brakes get wet, apply the brakes while riding at low speed to help them dry.